



GeoBrain BPELPower Wrokwflow Engine

Liping Di, Genong Yu, Meixia Deng

ldi@gmu.edu

Center for Spatial Information Science and Systems

George Mason University



Outline

- BPEL
- BPELPower engine
 - Development history
 - Architecture
 - Functions
- Applications
 - Severe weather workflow
 - Wildfire workflow
 - Geo-referencing workflow
 - Air-quality
- Lessons learnt
- Conclusions and Recommendations



BPEL

- Web Services Business Process Execution Language
 - An OASIS standard
 - A language for describing business processes
 - Executable business process: Executable workflows
 - Abstract business process: Non-executable abstract workflows
- Why we use BPEL?
 - Web Service effort: interoperability between geoprocessing applications through Web standards
 - Web Service workflows: Loosely coupled integration of heterogeneous systems in a variety of domains
 - Suitable for Sensor Web in the Earth and space science



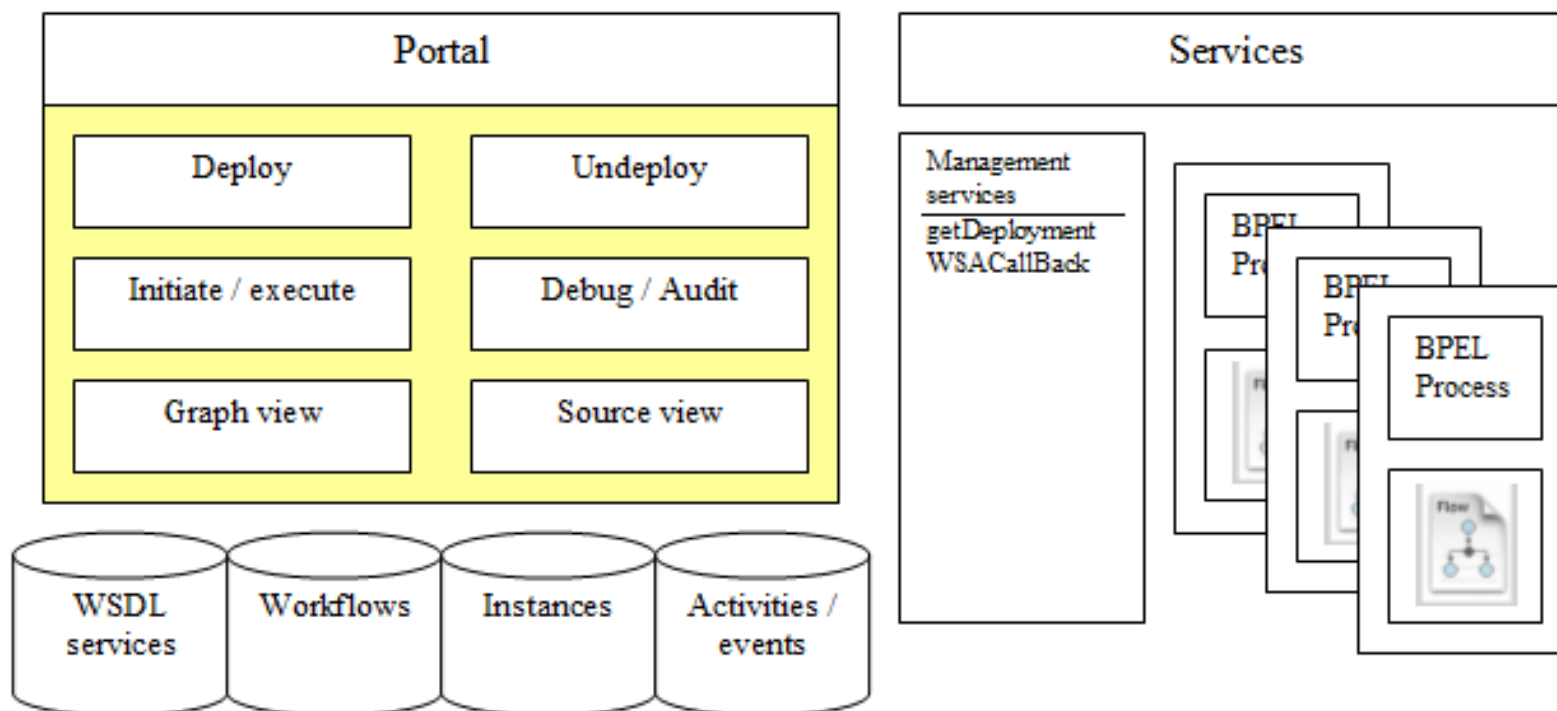
BPELPower

- BPELPower is a BPEL workflow engine developed by CSISS.
 - The initial version was developed in 2004
 - Multiple version has been released since then
- Supports
 - BPEL4WS 1.1
 - WS-BPEL 2.0 (partially supported now, in development)
- Released versions
 - Version 1.0: BPEL4WS 1.1
 - Version 2.0: abstract model and instantiation
 - Version 3.0: asynchronous support through WS-Addressing



BPELPower workflow engine: architecture

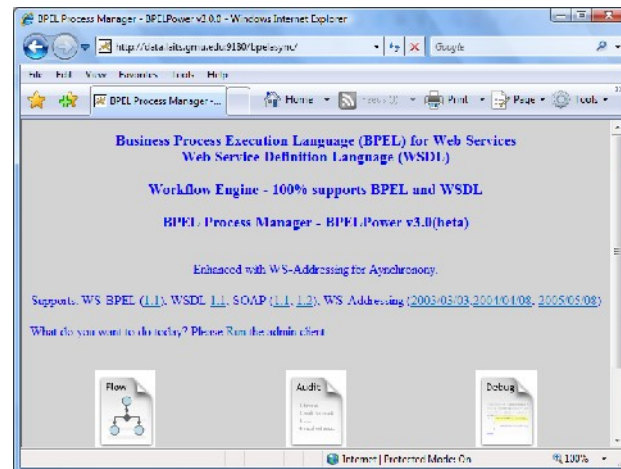
- Major components of BPELPower workflow engine
 - Web Services
 - Human interfaces
 - Databases





Functions of BPELPower

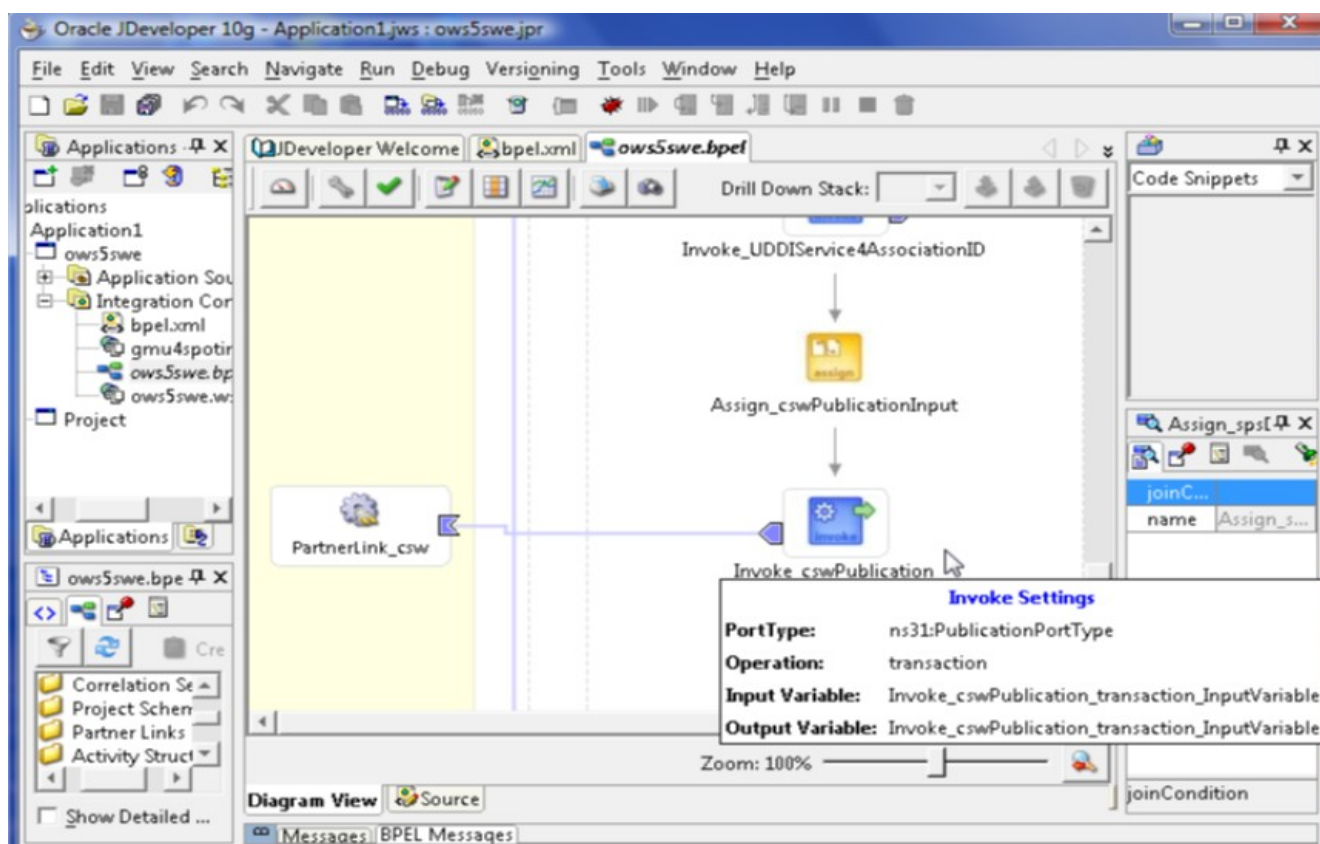
- Standard-compliant
 - BPEL4WS 1.1/WS-BPEL 2.0
 - XPath 1.0
 - SOAP 1.1, 1.2
 - OGC services
- Enhanced message encoding/decoding capabilities
 - XML schema
 - GML
- Extended asynchronous support
 - WS-Addressing
- RESTful Web Service support
- Security
 - WS-Security





Design a workflow

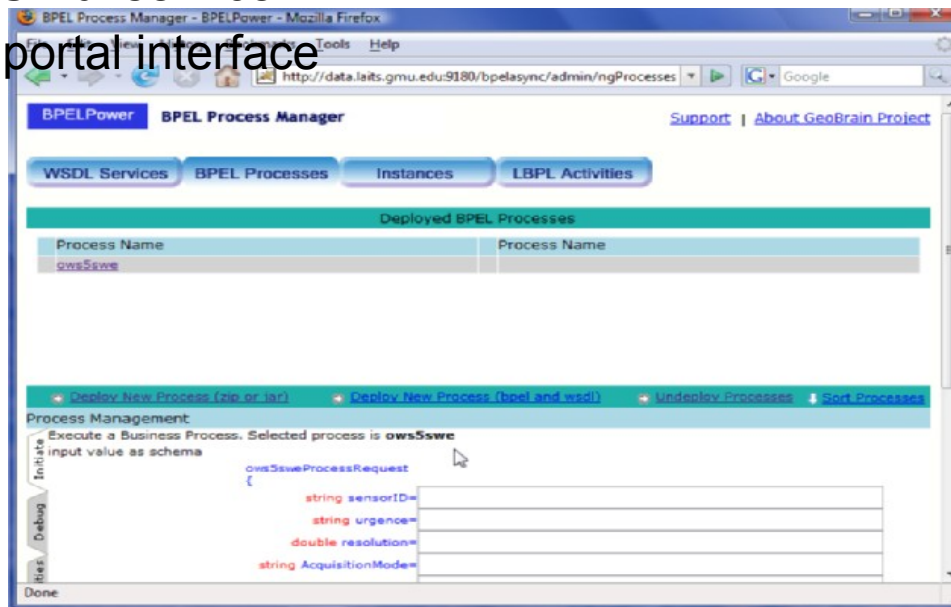
- Support packaging of BPEL project using commercial BPEL designer
 - Oracle BPEL Designer





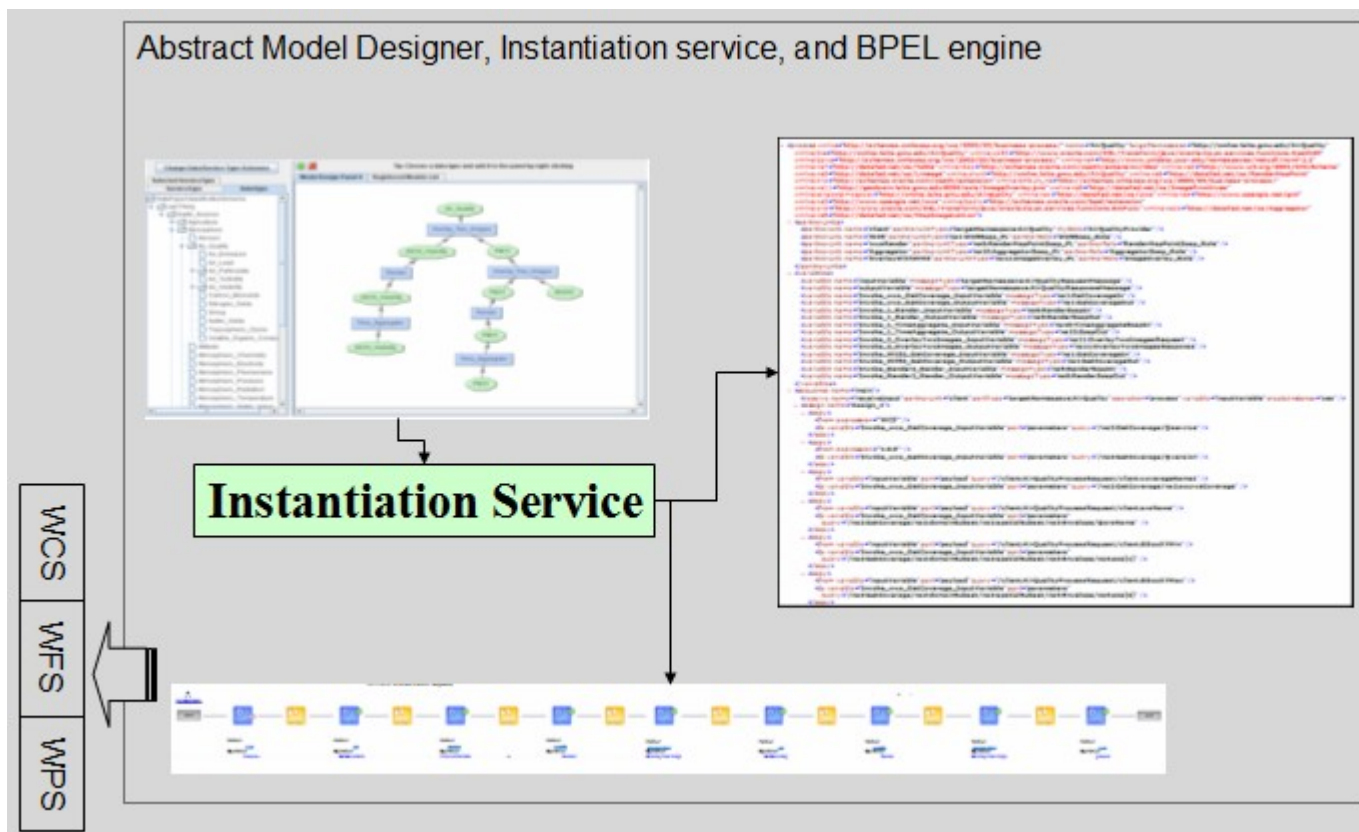
BPEL Process management

- BPELPower supports efficient management of BPEL processes
 - Deployment/undeployment
 - Deployed workflow
 - Standard Web service
 - SOAP service
 - RESTful service
 - Human portal interface



Instantiation service

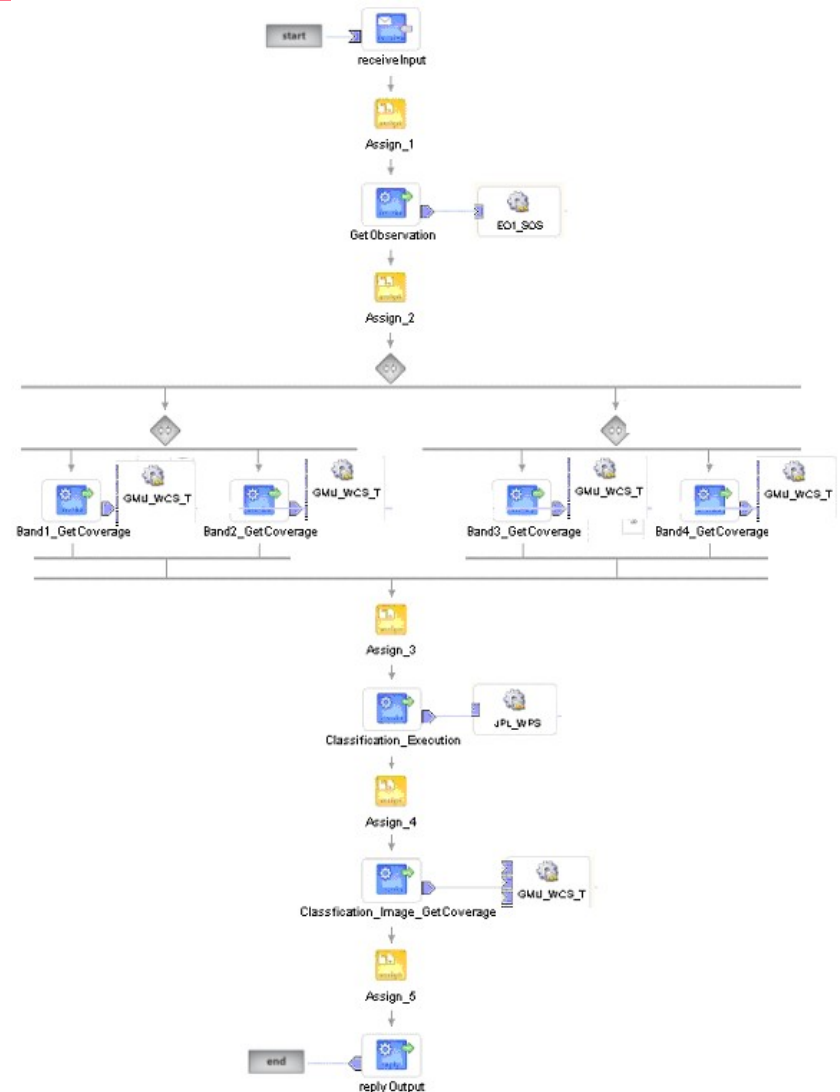
- Web service for Abstract model instantiation
 - Manage abstract workflow
 - Instantiation of abstract model





Use Case 1 – severe weather detection and tracking

- Workflow
 - Inputs of initial parameters
 - WCS data sources
 - Severe weather detection
 - Optional transactions to feed back results into WFS
 - Severe weather tracking
 - Optional transaction to feed back results into WFS
- The workflow supports transaction for WCS & WFS



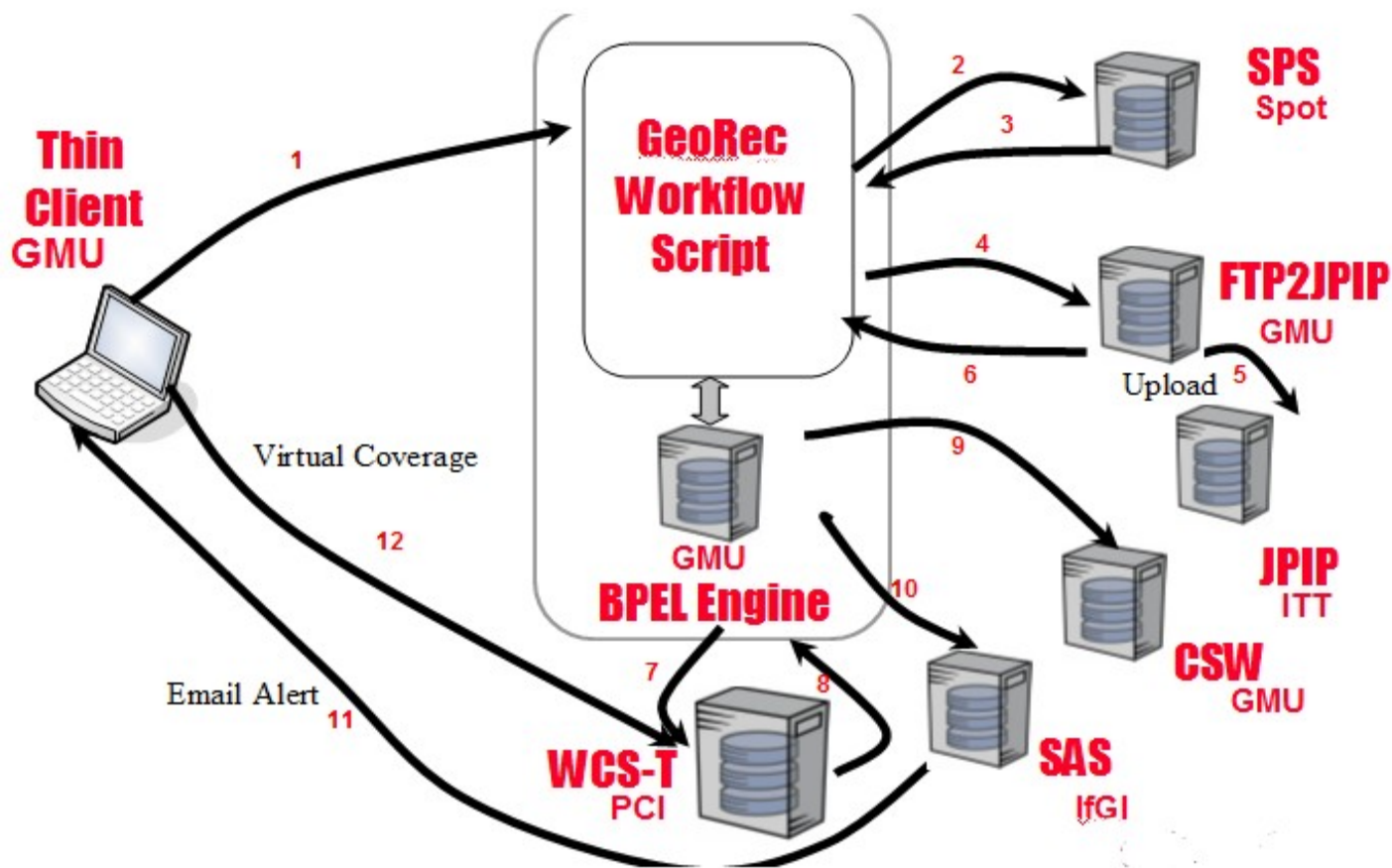


Case 2 – geo-referencing

- Workflow steps
 - planning request to the SPS
 - User as actor
 - email notification
 - Retrieve observation from the SOS
 - Feed the observations into the JPIP server through secured transaction
 - Add the data along with description into WCS through transaction
 - Alert the data availability through SAS to all subscribed users



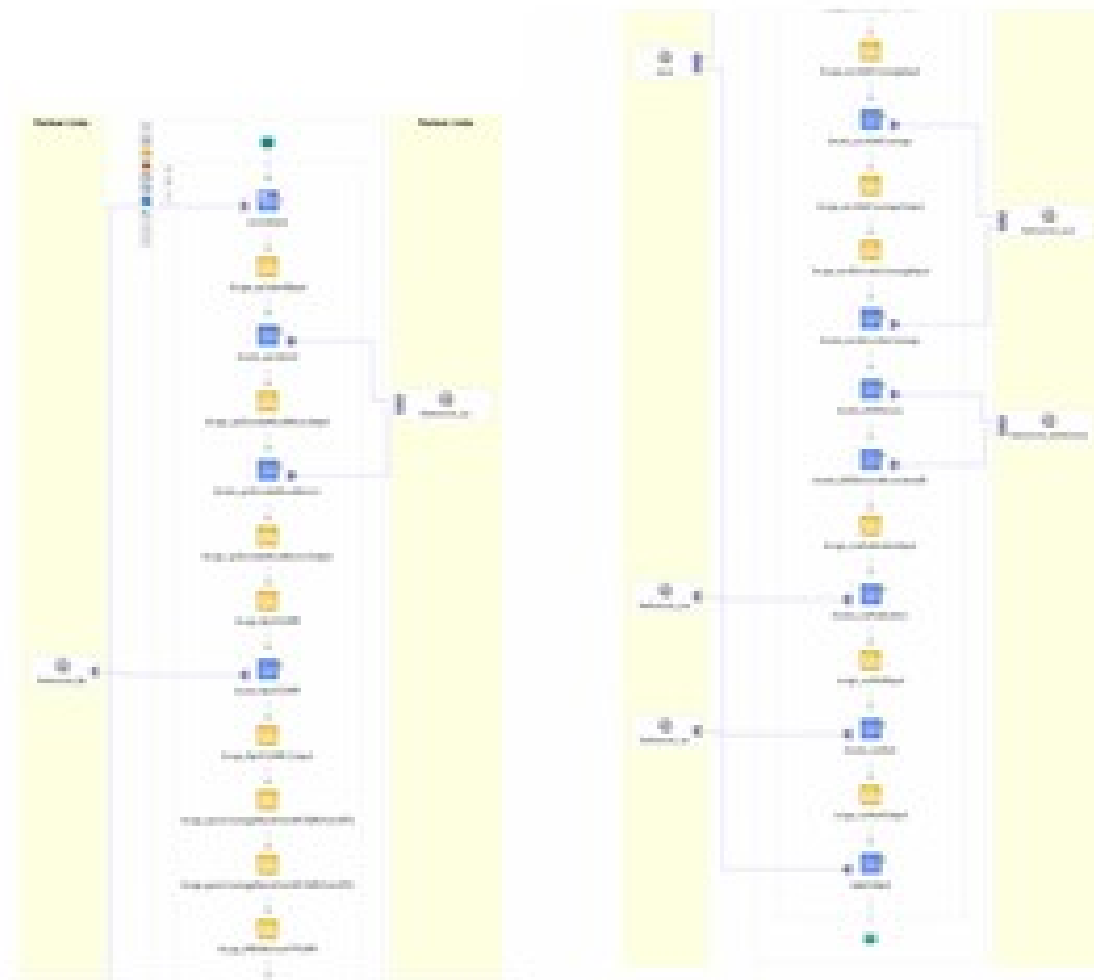
Georeferencing logical workflow





Geo-referencing workflow

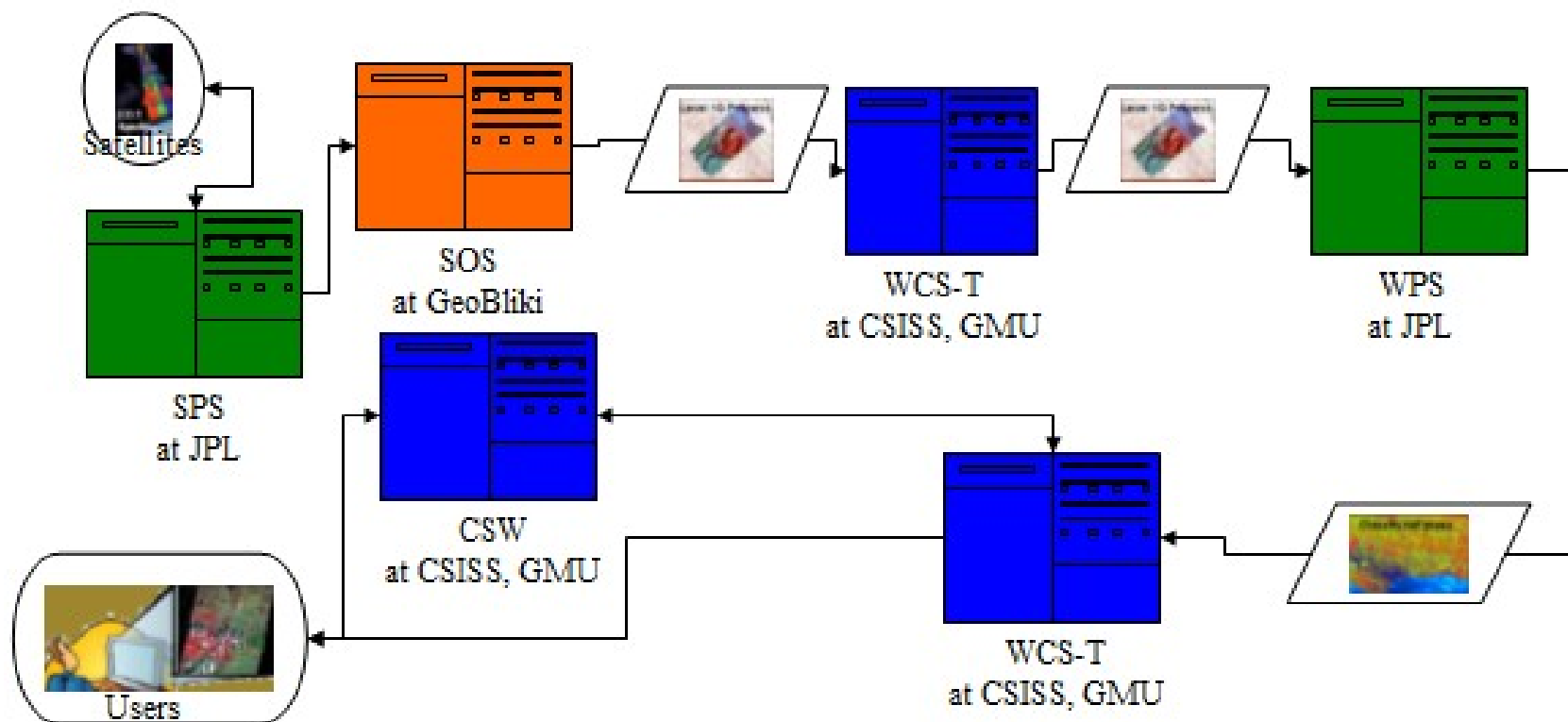
- Workflow
 - Demonstrated at OWS 5
 - SPOT Image
- Asynchronous
 - SPS based on WNS
 - WS-Addressing
 - Callback pattern
 - Notification of data availability through SAS
 - XMPP
 - Publish/subscribe pattern





Case 3 - Collaborative Wildfire Monitoring

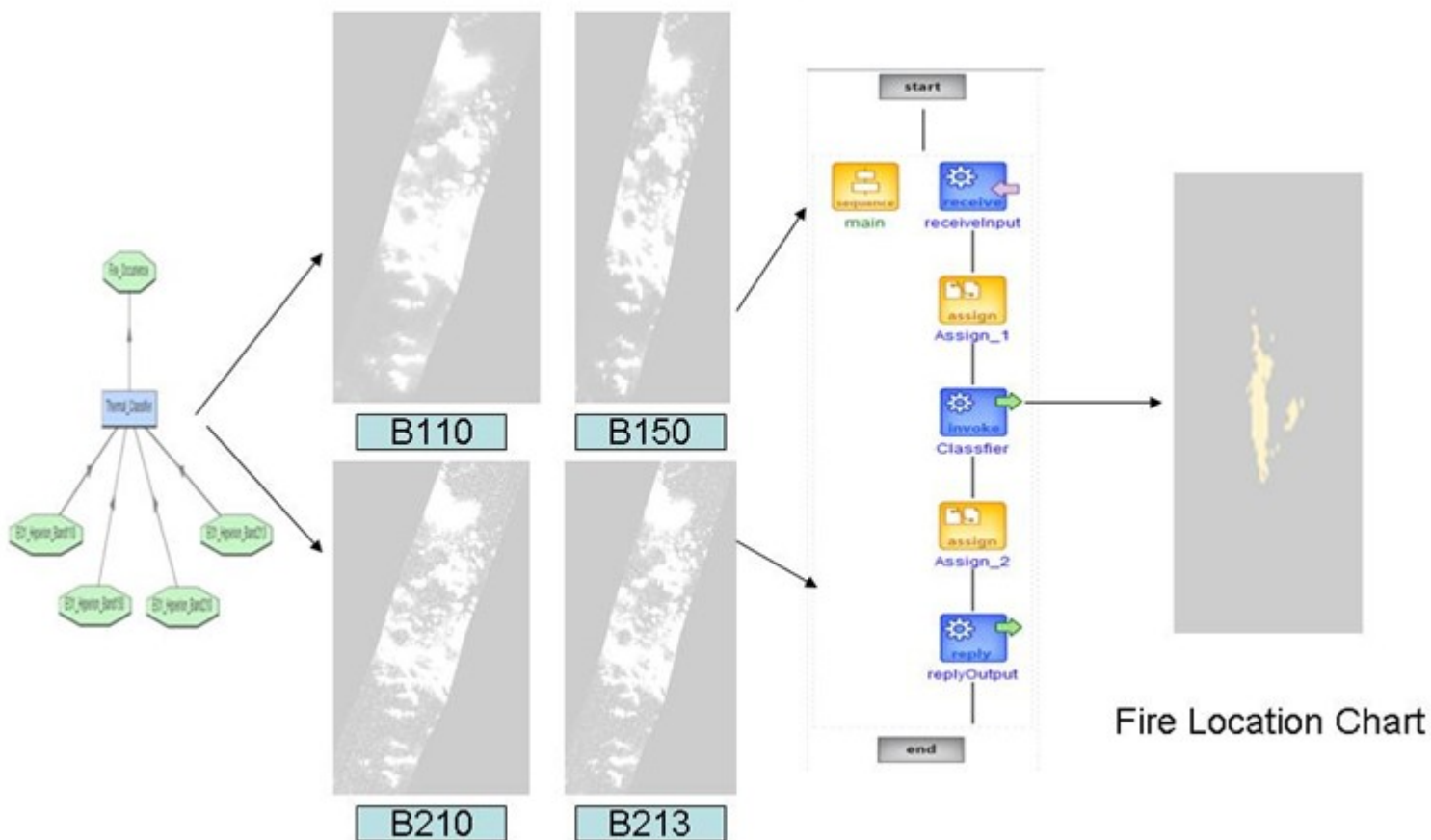
- collaboration
 - Standard web services
 - Automated workflow through BPEL/BPELPower





Abstract model instantiation

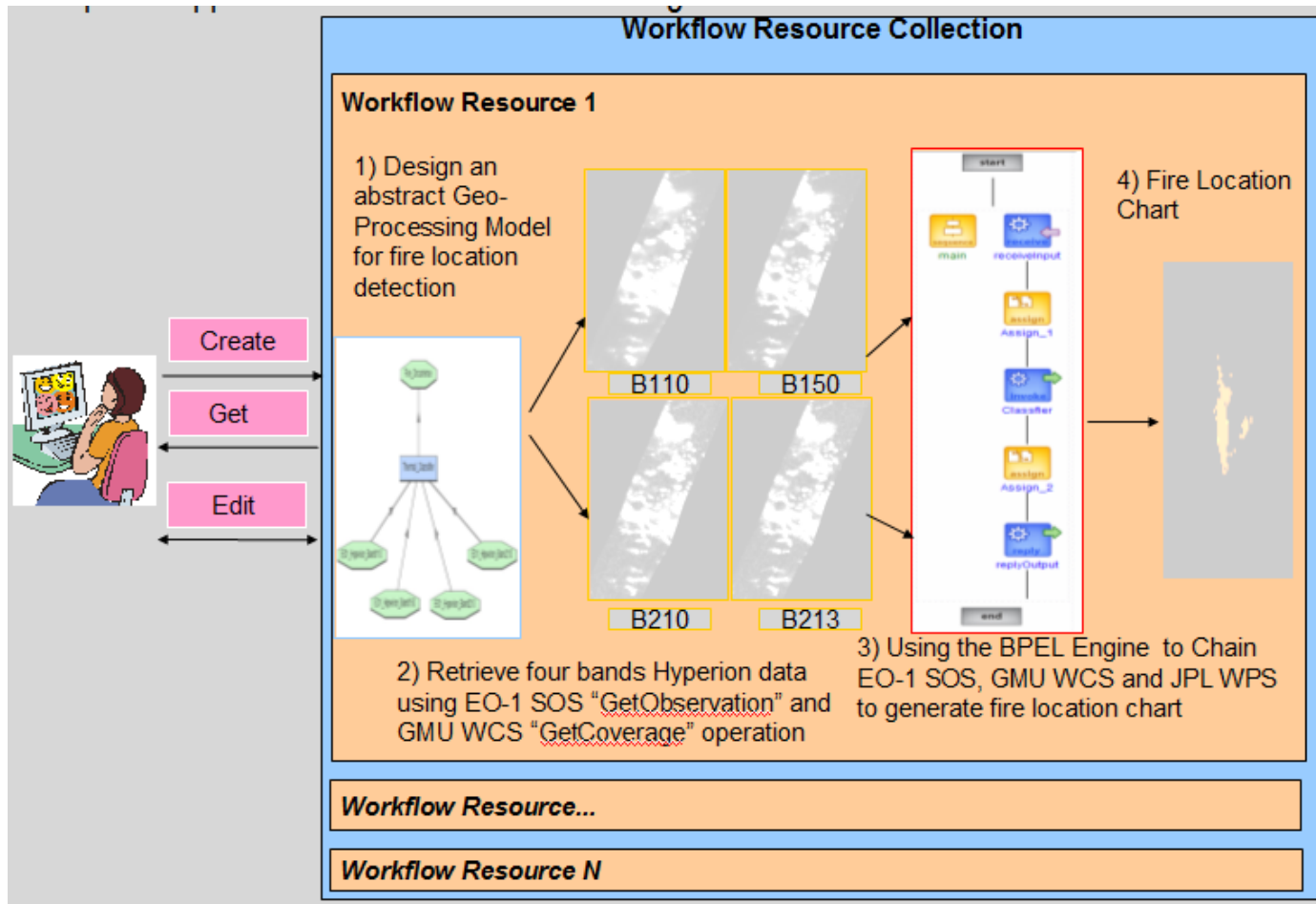
- Abstract model
 - On-demand automatic generation of fire products





RESTful service interface

- RESTfull support
 - RESTfull interfaces to use workflows as resources





Case 4 – air quality

- Air quality workflow
 - Abstract model designer for designing the abstract model
 - Air quality was represented in assimilated WMS representation





Lessons learnt

- Complexity of GML
- Newly-supported message encoding/decoding
 - KML
 - SensorML
- Further developments should enhance the support of OGC specifications
 - WNS
 - SAS
 - OWS framework: getCapabilities
- Specification extension
 - BPEL4OWS
 - Fully utilization of getCapabilities
 - Complete support of OGC-specific message notification mechanism, e.g. WNS, SAS
 - Message encoding/decoding, e.g. KML, GML



Conclusions

- BPEL can be used for describing geospatial workflow
- BPELPower engine has been efficiently applied in many cases
 - Loosely coupled
 - Heterogeneous services



Further information

- Websites
 - <http://geobrain.laits.gmu.edu>
 - <http://csiss.gmu.edu/sensorweb>
- Demonstrations
 - <http://geobrain.laits.gmu.edu/doc/ows4Demo/demo.swf>



Acknowledgement

- BPELPower is developed with funding support from NASA REASoN program, NASA ESTO AIST program, and OGC Web Service Initiatives.